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TECHNICAL REPORT



High-voltage direct current (HVDC) power transmission using voltage sourced converters (VSC)

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

HIGH-VOLTAGE DIRECT CURRENT (HVDC) POWER TRANSMISSION USING VOLTAGE SOURCED CONVERTERS (VSC)

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IEC TR 62543 has been prepared by subcommittee 22F: Power electronics for electrical transmission and distribution systems, of IEC technical committee 22: Power electronic systems and equipment. It is a Technical Report.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2011, Amendment 1:2013 and Amendment 2:2017. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

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- a) in Clause 3, some redundant definitions which were identical to those listed in IEC 62747 have been deleted;
- b) in 4.3.4, description and diagrams have been added for the cases of a bipole with dedicated metallic return and a rigid bipole;
- c) in 4.4, mention is made of the bi-mode insulated gate transistor (BiGT) and injection enhanced gate transistor (IEGT) as possible alternatives to the IGBT;
- d) in 5.6, the reference to common-mode blocking reactors has been deleted since these are very rarely used nowadays.

The text of this Technical Report is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
22F/649/DTR	22F/669/RVDTR

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this Technical Report is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

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HIGH-VOLTAGE DIRECT CURRENT (HVDC) POWER TRANSMISSION USING VOLTAGE SOURCED CONVERTERS (VSC)

1 Scope

This document gives general guidance on the subject of voltage sourced converters (VSC) used for transmission of power by high voltage direct current (HVDC). It describes converters that are not only voltage sourced (containing a capacitive energy storage medium and where the polarity of DC voltage remains fixed) but also self-commutated, using semiconductor devices which can both be turned on and turned off by control action. The scope includes 2-level and 3-level converters with pulse-width modulation (PWM), along with multi-level converters, modular multi-level converters and cascaded two-level converters, but excludes 2-level and 3-level converters operated without PWM, in square-wave output mode.

HVDC power transmission using voltage sourced converters is known as "VSC transmission".

The various types of circuit that can be used for VSC transmission are described in this document, along with their principal operational characteristics and typical applications. The overall aim is to provide a guide for purchasers to assist with the task of specifying a VSC transmission scheme.

Line-commutated and current-sourced converters are specifically excluded from this document.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61975, High-voltage direct current (HVDC) installations - System tests

IEC 62501, Voltage sourced converter (VSC) valves for high-voltage direct current (HVDC) power transmission – Electrical testing

IEC 62747, Terminology for voltage-sourced converters (VSC) for high-voltage direct current (HVDC) systems

IEC 62751 (all parts), Power losses in voltage sourced converter (VSC) valves for high voltage direct current (HVDC) systems





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